Colloidal gold nanosphere dispersions in smectic liquid crystals and thin nanoparticle-decorated smectic films

R. Pratibha, 1,2,3 W. Park, 2 and I. I. Smalyukh 1,4,5,a) Department of Physics, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado 80309, USA Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado 80309, Raman Research Institute, C.V. Raman Avenue, Bangalore 560080, India Liquid Crystal Materials Research Center, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado 80309, USA Renewable and Sustainable Energy Institute, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado 80309, USA accepted January _ pub ished on ine (Received __Nove ber e de onstrate that the ayer structure and e asticity stabi ize dispersions of co oida nanopartic es in s ectic iquid crysta s e use surface p as on resonance spectra of go d nanospheres to probe their spatia distributions in the buk of s ectic a e ae The average interpartic e distances between the we separated nanoinc usions in thin (< $_$ n) s ectic s are probed by ato ic e show that i ited otion of nanopartic es across ayers due to the icroscopy one di ensiona quasi ong range so id ike structure and their e asticity ediated interactions

prec ude irreversib e aggregation and enhance the stabi ity of the ensuing nanosca e dispersions in

ther otropic s ectic iquid crysta s \wp 2010 American Institute of Physics

I. INTRODUCTION

Dispersions of co oida partic es in anisotropic iquid crysta ine edia are interesting fro both funda enta physics and techno ogica app ications standpoints Studies of co oida icropartic es in ne atic and sectic iquid crystas (LCs) revea strong y anisotropic ong range in teractions that can be of both attractive and repusive nature. The interactions depend on topo ogica defects and director structures occurring around the partic es and are ediated by orientational e asticity of the surrounding LC ediu. In the case of icron sized inclusions e be Rencusion and usion —

c usion LC nature ___ fectc e ar fec s fecn

(Φ) of GNPs the suspension of the P P coated GNPs in ethy a coho was ixed with the LC in the s ectic A phase and the ixture was continuous y stirred for about h For the optica absorption studies ost of the ethy a coho was evaporated and the ixture ed into ce s ade of rubbed g ass p ates with thin po yi ide a ign ent coatings The re aining a coho was a owed to evaporate over a few hours e a igned s ectic A sa p es with the director a ong the rubbing direction were obtained The absorption spectra in the s ectic A phase (at C) were obtained us n t e Ocean Opt cs n ature ber opt c spectro eter (AB) nte rated w.t. a po ar z.n. croscope O y pus BX (To yo Japan) For t e AFM studies t e xture of t e coated GN s n et y a co o and LC w.c. was o o en zed by continuous st.rr.n. for was sp.n. coated at revo ut ons per nute on a s. con () substrate T e sa p e surface orp o o y was studied us n nanoscope III AFM (fro D ta Instru ents) n t e tapp n ode To easure t e avera e t.c. ness of t.e. sect.c. surface supported

t e surface pro e s ow t e defect induced double son t e case of pure CB [F (f)] and t e raised build ps due to particle induced ayer defor at ons in the case of the LC GN dispersions [F ()] independent on the case of the LC ayer on the dispersions [F ()] independent on the dispersions and the case of the LC ayer of the top of

sp ere d spers ons n sotrop c u ds t s of reat funda en ta nterest to exp ore t e feas b ty of ac ev n ordered per od c se f asse b y of nanopart c es and spat a structures co posed of nanopart c es and part c e e structures n a e ar LCs

IV. CONCLUSIONS

In conc us on we ave de onstrated t e en anced co o da stab, ty of s ect c A LC nanopart c e d spers ons as co pared to t ose n ne at cs Is n exper enta and co puter s u ated spectra we ave s own t at t e nterpart c e separat ons between so ated eta nanopart c es n t e bu of s ect c a e ae re a n ar e even for y concentrated suspens ons Nanopart c es n t n s a so do not a o erate but rat er od fy t e free surface pro e of t e due to ayer d stort ons around t e nc us ons n t e LC bu T e nanosca e d spers ons are of interest for tec no o es t at require co pos tes consistin of nanopart c es and a d e ect c at x w t tunab e propert es and interpart c e d stances w c ay prov de eans of spat a structur